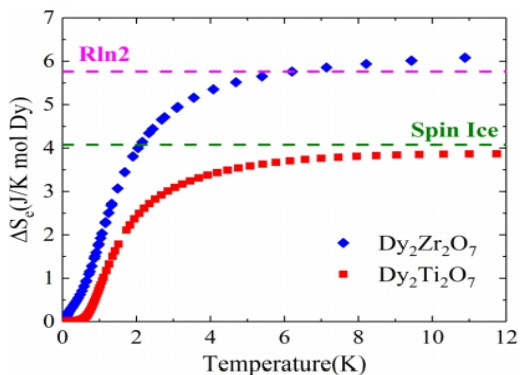


Motivation

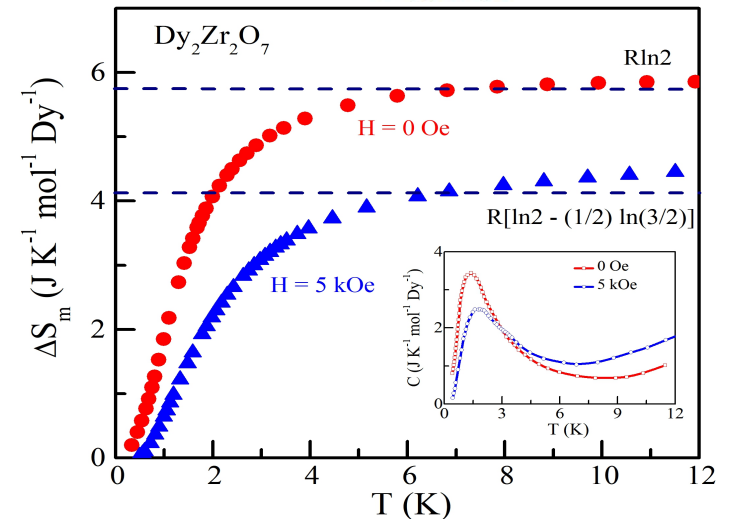
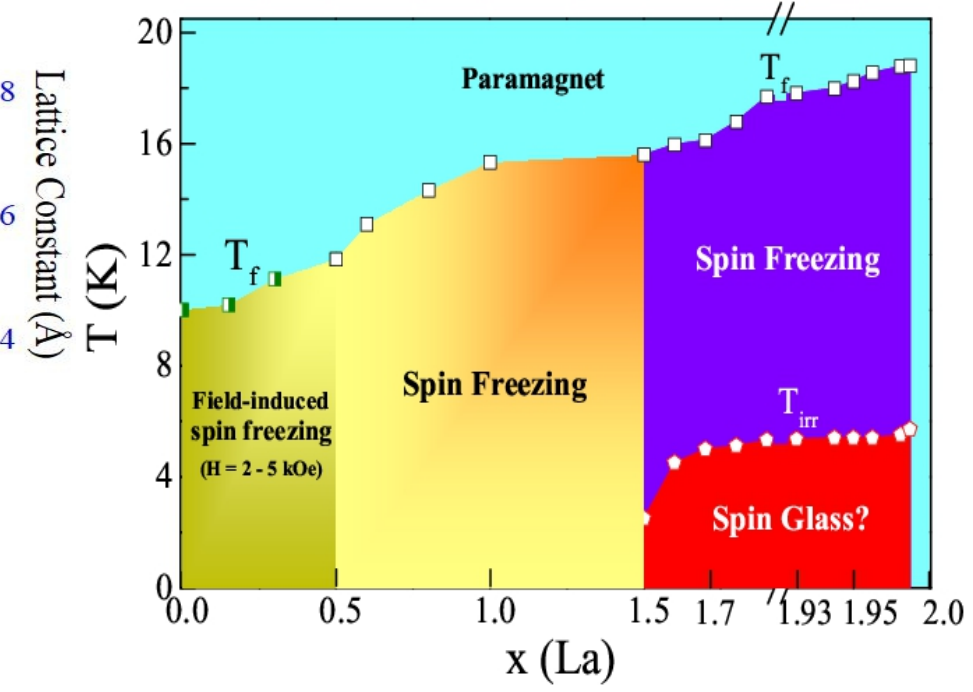
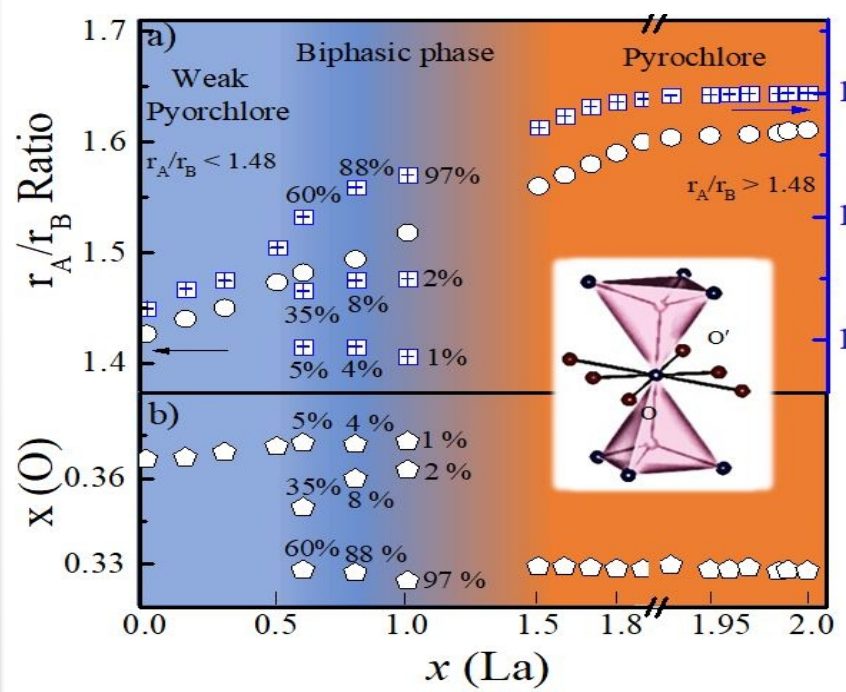
“Spin Ice” $\text{Dy}_2\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_7$ and $\text{Ho}_2\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_7$
 Zero-point entropy and monopole excitations at low temperature.
Spin freezing ~16 K observed in $\text{Dy}_2\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_7$ but not in $\text{Ho}_2\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_7$??

$\text{Dy}_2\text{Zr}_2\text{O}_7$: A disordered pyrochlore oxide shows the absence of spin freezing & spin ice state, due to large chemical disorder ($\Delta S_m \approx R \ln 2$) [Ramon *et al.*, PRB 2019]



We tune the spin dynamics of $\text{Dy}_2\text{Zr}_2\text{O}_7$ by applying dc magnetic field and dilute the magnetic site to stabilized the $\text{Dy}_2\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_7$ type structure and magnetic state.

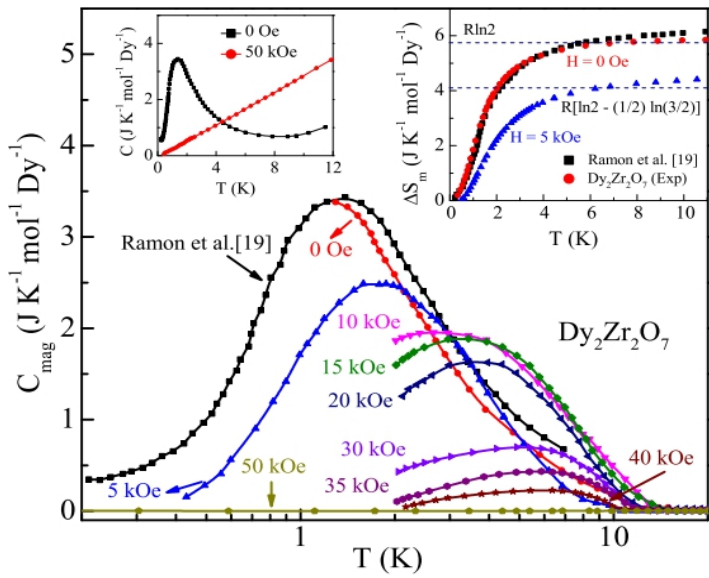
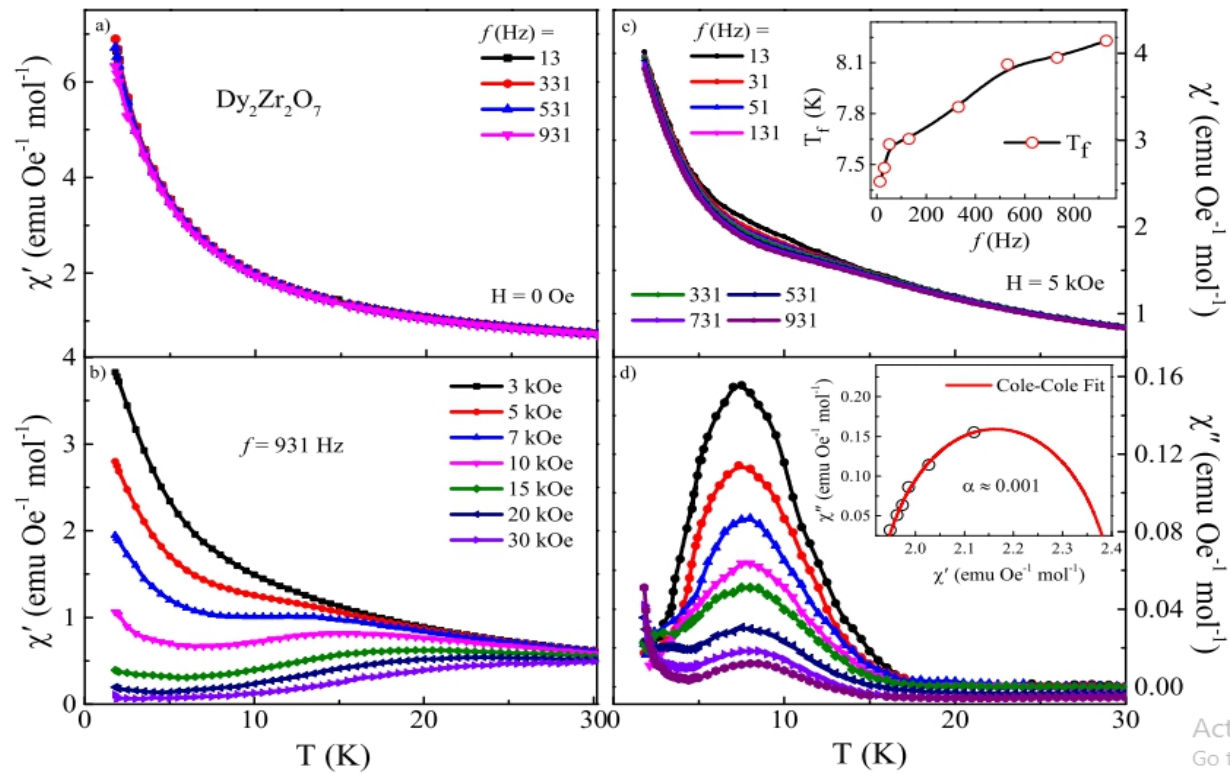
Results and Discussion



Conclusion

- ❖ $\text{Dy}_2\text{Zr}_2\text{O}_7$ evolve from spin liquid to spin ice ground state with the presence of Pauling's residual entropy at $H = 5$ kOe.
- ❖ It exhibits $\text{Dy}_2\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_7$ type structural and magnetic behavior with La substitution up to 99.5%.
- ❖ The low temperature magnetic state culminates to spin-glass-like behavior.

Signature of Spin Ice



A very dynamic ground state in the absence of magnetic field; $\Delta S_m = R \ln 2$

System evolves from spin liquid to spin ice ground state; $\Delta S_m = R[\ln 2 - (1/2)\ln(3/2)]$ at $H = 5$ kOe. (similar behavior to well-known spin ice compound $\text{Dy}_2\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_7$)

Spin liquid \rightarrow Field induced spin Ice \rightarrow Non-magnetic ground state

Spin freezing in $\text{Dy}_{2-x}\text{La}_x\text{Zr}_2\text{O}_7$ ($x = 0 - 2$)

